

# CLARKSTON FUNDS

## CLARKSTON PARTNERS FUND

Founders Class | CFSMX  
Institutional Class | CISMX

## CLARKSTON FUND

Institutional Class | CILGX

## CLARKSTON SELECT FUND

Institutional Class | CIDDX

## CLARKSTON FOUNDERS FUND

Institutional Class | CIMDX

# PROSPECTUS

JANUARY 28, 2017

*As with all mutual funds, the Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.*



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## FUND SUMMARY

## Clarkston Partners Fund (the “Fund”)

## Investment Objective

The Fund’s investment objective is to achieve long-term capital appreciation.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

	Founders Class	Institutional Class
<b>Shareholder Fees</b> (fees paid directly from your investment)		
Maximum sales charge (Load) imposed on purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	None	None
Maximum deferred sales charge (Load)	None	None
Redemption Fee	None	None
<b>Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b> (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)		
Management Fees	0.80%	0.80%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	None	None
Other Expenses	0.22%	0.36%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.02%	1.16%
Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement <sup>(1)</sup>	(0.17)%	(0.16)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver/Expense Reimbursement	0.85%	1.00%

<sup>(1)</sup> Clarkston Capital Partners, LLC (the “Adviser”) has contractually agreed to limit the amount of the Fund’s Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses, exclusive of shareholder service fees, brokerage expenses, interest expenses, acquired fund fees and expenses, taxes and extraordinary expenses, to an annual rate of 0.85% of the Fund’s average daily net assets for each of the Founders Class shares and the Institutional Class shares. This agreement is in effect through January 31, 2018. The Adviser may not terminate this agreement without the approval of the Fund’s Board of Trustees. The Adviser will be permitted to recover, on a class-by-class basis, expenses it has borne through the agreement described above to the extent that the Fund’s expenses in later periods fall below the annual rate set forth above. The Fund will not be obligated to pay any such deferred fees and expenses more than three years after the end of the fiscal year in which the fees and expenses were deferred.

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## Example

This example is intended to help you compare the costs of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. The example takes into consideration the agreement by the Adviser to waive fees and reimburse expenses for the contractual period only.

<b>Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:</b>	<b>1 Year</b>	<b>3 Years</b>	<b>5 Years</b>	<b>10 Years</b>
Founders Class	\$ 87	\$ 308	\$ 547	\$1,231
Institutional Class	\$ 102	\$ 353	\$ 623	\$1,393

## Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. A higher turnover rate may also result in additional income taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 16% of the average value of its portfolio.

## Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests primarily in equity securities of U.S. small- and medium-market capitalization companies. The Fund's investments in equity securities may include common stock, preferred stock and convertible securities. The Fund may also invest in foreign equity securities through American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs").

The Adviser considers small and medium market capitalization companies to be those companies with market capitalizations below that of the largest company based on market capitalization in the Russell 2500™ Index at the time of initial purchase. As of December 31, 2016, the market capitalization of the largest company based on market capitalization in the Russell 2500™ Index was \$22.5 billion. The Fund will, however, also invest in equity securities of larger companies. Because small and medium market capitalization companies are defined by reference to an index, the market capitalization of the companies in which the Fund invests may vary with market conditions.

The Fund seeks to achieve long-term capital appreciation while minimizing volatility and risk. To accomplish this goal, the Fund invests in companies the Adviser believes to be of high quality and believes to be undervalued relative to their expected long-term free cash flows. The Adviser refers to this investment philosophy as "quality/value".

The Adviser defines high-quality companies as those that meet certain financial, business and management criteria, which may vary over time. These criteria include favorable profitability metrics, sustainable competitive advantages and capable management teams.

The Fund is “non-diversified,” which means that it may invest a significant portion of its assets in a relatively small number of issuers. From time to time, the Fund may focus its investments in companies in one or more economic sectors. Economic sectors include multiple different industries. The Fund will not invest 25% or more of its assets in any one industry.

### **Principal Risks of the Fund**

**As with any mutual fund, there are risks to investing. There is no guarantee that the Fund will meet its investment objective. The following is a description of the principal risks of the Fund, which may adversely affect its net asset value and total return. There are other circumstances (including additional risks that are not described herein) which could prevent the Fund from achieving its investment objective.**

*ADR Risk.* The Fund may invest in ADRs, which are certificates that evidence ownership of shares of a foreign issuer and are alternatives to purchasing directly underlying foreign securities in their national markets and currencies. However, ADRs may be subject to certain of the risks associated with direct investments in the securities of foreign companies. Moreover, ADRs may not track the price of the underlying foreign securities on which they are based, and their value may change materially at times when U.S. markets are not open for trading.

*Cash-Sweep Program Risk.* The Fund may invest in cash-sweep programs administered by the Fund’s custodian or another third party through which the Fund’s cash holdings are placed in interest-bearing savings accounts or demand deposit accounts at various banks. All sweep vehicles, whether or not registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”), carry certain risks. For example, money market fund sweep vehicles are subject to market risks and are not subject to FDIC protection. Additionally, bank deposit sweep vehicles are subject to bank failure risk, but are eligible for FDIC protection up to a limit of \$250,000 per account. The vehicle through which the Fund’s cash-sweep program is administered may include bank deposits that are not registered under the 1940 Act, in which case, the Fund, as an investor in the vehicle, would not be entitled to the protections afforded by the 1940 Act.

*Equity Securities Risk.* The Fund will invest in equity securities. Equity securities (which generally include common stocks, preferred stocks, warrants, securities convertible into common or preferred stocks and similar securities) are generally volatile and riskier than some other forms of investment. Equity securities of companies with relatively small market capitalizations may be more volatile than the securities of larger, more established companies. Common stock prices fluctuate based on changes in a company’s financial condition, on overall market and economic conditions, and on investors’ perception of a company’s well-being. Preferred stocks are typically subordinated to bonds and other debt instruments in a company’s capital structure in terms of priority to corporate income. As well as the risks associated with common stocks, preferred stocks will be subject to greater credit risk than the debt instruments to which they are subordinate. Convertible stock is subject to the risks of both debt securities and equity securities. The value of convertible stock tends to decline as interest rates rise and, due to the conversion feature, to vary with fluctuations in the market value of the underlying equity security.

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*Market Risk.* The market price of a security or instrument may decline, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a particular company, such as real or perceived adverse economic or political conditions throughout the world, changes in the general outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates or adverse investor sentiment generally. The market value of a security or instrument also may decline because of factors that affect a particular industry or industries, such as labor shortages or increased production costs and competitive conditions within an industry.

*New Adviser Risk.* The Adviser has a limited history of managing mutual funds for investors to evaluate.

*New Fund Risk.* The Fund was recently formed and therefore has limited history for investors to evaluate.

*Non-Diversification Risk.* The Fund is classified as a “non-diversified” investment company under the 1940 Act, which means that it may invest more of its assets in the securities of a single issuer or a smaller number of issuers than if it were a “diversified fund”. To the extent the Fund invests a significant percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers, the Fund is subject to the risks of investing in those few issuers, and may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence. As a result, changes in the market value of a single security could cause greater fluctuations in the value of Fund shares than would occur in a diversified fund.

*Sector Focus Risk.* The Fund may invest a substantial portion of its assets within one or more economic sectors. To the extent the Fund focuses in one or more sectors, market or economic factors impacting those sectors could have a significant effect on the value of the Fund’s investments. Additionally, the Fund’s performance may be more volatile when the Fund’s investments are focused in a particular sector. The Fund may tend to be more heavily weighted in companies in the financials sector. The values of companies in the financials sector are particularly vulnerable to economic downturns and changes in government regulation and interest rates.

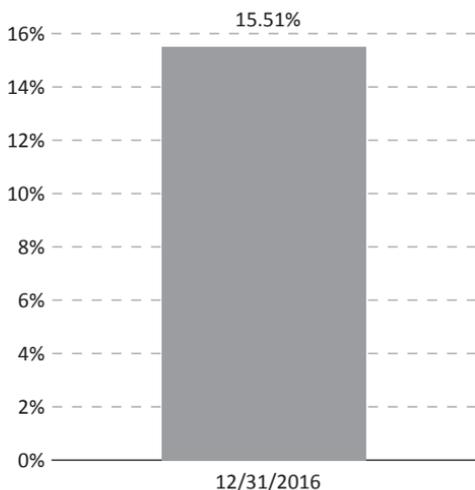
*Small-Cap and Mid-Cap Company Risk.* The securities of small-capitalization and mid-capitalization companies may be subject to more abrupt or erratic market movements and may have lower trading volumes or more erratic trading than securities of larger, more established companies or market averages in general. In addition, such companies typically are more likely to be adversely affected than large-capitalization companies by changes in earnings results, business prospects, investor expectations or poor economic or market conditions.

It is possible to lose money on an investment in the Fund. Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of any bank, are not endorsed or guaranteed by any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

## Performance Information

The following information provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing how the Fund's performance has varied over time. The bar chart depicts the change in performance from year to year during the periods indicated. The bar chart figures do not include any applicable sales charges that investors may pay when they buy or sell shares of the Fund. If sales charges were included, the returns would be lower. The performance table compares the average annual returns of the Fund's Institutional Class to a broad-based securities market index for the periods indicated. The index is not actively managed and is not available for direct investment. The bar charts and performance tables assume reinvestment of dividends and distributions. The Fund's past performance does not necessarily indicate how it will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on the Fund's website at [www.clarkstonfunds.com](http://www.clarkstonfunds.com) or by calling 1-844-680-6562.

### Annual Total Returns (For the Calendar Year ended 12/31) – Institutional Class Shares



Best Quarter – September 30, 2016      5.42%

Worst Quarter – June 30, 2016      1.25%

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## Average Annual Total Returns (for the periods ended December 31, 2016)

	1 Year	Since Inception (September 15, 2015)
<b>Institutional Class</b>		
Return Before Taxes	15.51%	11.99%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	15.19%	11.72%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	9.03%	9.16%
<b>Founders Class</b>		
Return Before Taxes	15.65%	12.13%
Russell 2500™ Index TR (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	17.59%	11.68%

After-tax returns are calculated using the historically highest individual U.S. federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your individual tax situation and may differ from those shown in the preceding table. The after-tax return information shown above does not apply to Fund shares held through a tax-deferred account, such as a 401(k) plan or an IRA.

After-tax returns are only shown for the Institutional Class shares of the Fund. After-tax returns for the Founders Class shares will vary from those shown for the Institutional Class shares due to varying sales charges and expenses among the classes.

### Investment Adviser

Clarkston Capital Partners, LLC is the investment adviser to the Fund.

### Portfolio Managers

Jeffrey A. Hakala, CFA, CPA, Chief Investment Officer of the Adviser, has been a portfolio manager for the Fund since its inception.

Gerald W. Hakala, CFA, Director of Research of the Adviser, has been a portfolio manager for the Fund since its inception.

### Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

The Fund offers investors two classes of shares: Founders Class and Institutional Class. Founders Class shares are offered on a limited basis and are available only to clients of institutions with managed account programs that have been approved by the Adviser, subject to an aggregate minimum of \$100 million. The Institutional Class shares are subject to a \$25,000 minimum with no minimum subsequent investment. Investors generally may meet the minimum investment amount by aggregating multiple accounts within the Fund if desired and if allowed by the relevant intermediary. The Fund reserves the right to change the amount of these minimums from time to time or to waive them in whole or in part if, in the Adviser's or the Fund's opinion, the investor has adequate intent and availability of assets to reach a future level of investment in the Fund that

is equal to or greater than the minimum. Investors may establish an Automatic Investment Plan (AIP) account or a Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) account; there are no subsequent investment minimums for investments in AIP or SWP accounts.

Purchases and redemptions of Founders Class and Institutional Class shares may be made on any day the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading. Purchases and redemptions can generally be made only through institutional channels, such as financial intermediaries and retirement platforms, unless the investment is held directly with the Fund's transfer agent. You should contact your financial intermediary or refer to your plan documents for information on how to invest in the Fund.

### **Tax Information**

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, the Fund's distributions are taxable and will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains or, in some cases qualified dividend income for individual shareholders subject to tax at maximum federal rates applicable to long-term capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan, an individual retirement account or 529 college savings plan. Such tax-deferred arrangements may be subject to U.S. federal income tax at rates applicable to ordinary income upon withdrawal of monies from those arrangements, and may be subject to penalties on amounts withdrawn prematurely.

### **Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries**

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

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## FUND SUMMARY

### Clarkston Fund (the “Fund”)

#### Investment Objective

The Fund’s investment objective is to achieve long-term capital appreciation.

#### Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

	<b>Institutional Class</b>
<b>Shareholder Fees</b> (fees paid directly from your investment)	
Maximum sales charge (Load) imposed on purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	None
Maximum deferred sales charge (Load)	None
Redemption Fee	None
<b>Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b> (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
Management Fees	0.50%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	None
Other Expenses	0.98%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	1.48%
Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement <sup>(2)</sup>	(0.78)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver/Expense Reimbursement	0.70%

<sup>(1)</sup> Expenses have been restated to reflect current fees.

<sup>(2)</sup> Clarkston Capital Partners, LLC (the “Adviser”) has contractually agreed to limit the amount of the Fund’s Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses, exclusive of shareholder services fees, brokerage expenses, interest expenses, acquired fund fees and expenses, taxes and extraordinary expenses, to an annual rate of 0.55% of the Fund’s average daily net assets for the Institutional Class shares. This agreement is in effect through January 31, 2018. The Adviser may not terminate this agreement without the approval of the Fund’s Board of Trustees. The Adviser will be permitted to recover, on a class-by-class basis, expenses it has borne through the agreement described above to the extent that the Fund’s expenses in later periods fall below the annual rate set forth above. The Fund will not be obligated to pay any such deferred fees and expenses more than three years after the end of the fiscal year in which the fees and expenses were deferred.

## Example

This example is intended to help you compare the costs of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. The example takes into consideration the agreement by the Adviser to waive fees and reimburse expenses for the contractual period only.

<b>Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:</b>	<b>1 Year</b>	<b>3 Years</b>	<b>5 Years</b>	<b>10 Years</b>
Institutional Class	\$ 72	\$ 391	\$ 733	\$1,700

## Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. A higher turnover rate may also result in additional income taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. For the fiscal period ended September 30, 2016, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 0% of the average value of its portfolio.

## Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests primarily in equity securities of U.S. large-market capitalization companies. The Fund's investments in equity securities may include common stock, preferred stock and convertible securities. The Fund may also invest in foreign equity securities through American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs").

The Adviser considers large market capitalization companies to be those companies with market capitalizations above that of the smallest company based on market capitalization in the S&P500® Index at the time of initial purchase. As of December 31, 2016, the market capitalization of the smallest company based on market capitalization in the S&P500® Index was \$2.4 billion. The Fund will, however, also invest in equity securities of smaller companies. Because large market capitalization companies are defined by reference to an index, the market capitalization of the companies in which the Fund invests may vary with market conditions.

The Fund seeks to achieve long-term capital appreciation while minimizing volatility and risk. To accomplish this goal, the Fund invests in companies the Adviser believes to be of high quality and believes to be undervalued relative to their expected long-term free cash flows. The Adviser refers to this investment philosophy as "quality/value".

The Adviser defines high quality companies as those that meet certain financial, business and management criteria, which may vary over time. These criteria include favorable profitability metrics, sustainable competitive advantages and capable management teams.

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The Fund is “non-diversified,” which means that it may invest a significant portion of its assets in a relatively small number of issuers. From time to time, the Fund may focus its investments in companies in one or more economic sectors. Economic sectors include multiple different industries. The Fund will not invest 25% or more of its assets in any one industry.

### **Principal Risks of the Fund**

**As with any mutual fund, there are risks to investing. There is no guarantee that the Fund will meet its investment objective. The following is a description of the principal risks of the Fund, which may adversely affect its net asset value and total return. There are other circumstances (including additional risks that are not described herein) which could prevent the Fund from achieving its investment objective.**

*ADR Risk.* The Fund may invest in ADRs, which are certificates that evidence ownership of shares of a foreign issuer and are alternatives to purchasing directly underlying foreign securities in their national markets and currencies. However, ADRs may be subject to certain of the risks associated with direct investments in the securities of foreign companies. Moreover, ADRs may not track the price of the underlying foreign securities on which they are based, and their value may change materially at times when U.S. markets are not open for trading.

*Cash-Sweep Program Risk.* The Fund may invest in cash-sweep programs administered by the Fund’s custodian or another third party through which the Fund’s cash holdings are placed in interest-bearing savings accounts or demand deposit accounts at various banks. All sweep vehicles, whether or not registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”), carry certain risks. For example, money market fund sweep vehicles are subject to market risks and are not subject to FDIC protection. Additionally, bank deposit sweep vehicles are subject to bank failure risk, but are eligible for FDIC protection up to a limit of \$250,000 per account. The vehicle through which the Fund’s cash-sweep program is administered may include bank deposits that are not registered under the 1940 Act, in which case, the Fund, as an investor in the vehicle, would not be entitled to the protections afforded by the 1940 Act.

*Equity Securities Risk.* The Fund will invest in equity securities. Equity securities (which generally include common stocks, preferred stocks, warrants, securities convertible into common or preferred stocks and similar securities) are generally volatile and riskier than some other forms of investment. Equity securities of companies with relatively small market capitalizations may be more volatile than the securities of larger, more established companies. Common stock prices fluctuate based on changes in a company’s financial condition, on overall market and economic conditions, and on investors’ perception of a company’s well-being. Preferred stocks are typically subordinated to bonds and other debt instruments in a company’s capital structure in terms of priority to corporate income. As well as the risks associated with common stocks, preferred stocks will be subject to greater credit risk than the debt instruments to which they are subordinate. Convertible stock is subject to the risks of both debt securities and equity securities. The value of convertible stock tends to decline as interest rates rise and, due to the conversion feature, to vary with fluctuations in the market value of the underlying equity security

*Large-Capitalization Company Risk.* Large-capitalization companies may go in and out of favor based on market and economic conditions. Large companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges, such as changes in technology, and also may not be able to attain the high growth rate of successful smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansion. Although the securities of larger companies may be less volatile than those of companies with smaller market capitalizations, returns on investments in securities of large-capitalization companies could trail the returns on investments in securities of smaller companies.

*Market Risk.* The market price of a security or instrument may decline, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a particular company, such as real or perceived adverse economic or political conditions throughout the world, changes in the general outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates or adverse investor sentiment generally. The market value of a security or instrument also may decline because of factors that affect a particular industry or industries, such as labor shortages or increased production costs and competitive conditions within an industry.

*New Adviser Risk.* The Adviser has a limited history of managing mutual funds for investors to evaluate.

*New Fund Risk.* There is limited performance history for investors of the Fund to evaluate, as the Fund has not completed a full calendar year of investment operations as of the date of this prospectus.

*Non-Diversification Risk.* The Fund is classified as “non-diversified” investment company under the 1940 Act, which means that it may invest more of its assets in the securities of a single issuer or a smaller number of issuers than if it were a “diversified” fund. To the extent the Fund invests a significant percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers, the Fund is subject to the risks of investing in those few issuers, and may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence. As a result, changes in the market value of a single security could cause greater fluctuations in the value of Fund shares than would occur in a diversified fund.

*Sector Focus Risk.* The Fund may invest a substantial portion of its assets within one or more economic sectors. To the extent the Fund focuses in one or more sectors, market or economic factors impacting those sectors could have a significant effect on the value of the Fund’s investments. Additionally, the Fund’s performance may be more volatile when the Fund’s investments are focused in a particular sector. The Fund may tend to be more heavily weighted in companies in the financials sector. The values of companies in the financials sector are particularly vulnerable to economic downturns and changes in government regulation and interest rates.

It is possible to lose money on an investment in the Fund. Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of any bank, are not endorsed or guaranteed by any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

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## **Performance Information**

As of the date of this Prospectus, the Fund had not yet completed a full calendar year of investment operations. When the Fund has completed a full calendar year of investment operations, this section will include charts that show annual total returns, highest and lowest quarterly returns and average annual total returns (before and after taxes) compared to a benchmark selected for the Fund. Updated performance information is available on the Fund's website at [www.clarkstonfunds.com](http://www.clarkstonfunds.com) or by calling 1-844-680-6562.

## **Investment Adviser**

Clarkston Capital Partners, LLC is the investment adviser to the Fund.

## **Portfolio Managers**

Jeffrey A. Hakala, CFA, CPA, Chief Investment Officer of the Adviser, has been a portfolio manager for the Fund since its inception.

Gerald W. Hakala, CFA, Director of Research of the Adviser, has been a portfolio manager for the Fund since its inception.

## **Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**

The Fund offers investors one class of shares, the Institutional Class. The Institutional Class shares are subject to a \$10,000 minimum with no minimum subsequent investment. Investors generally may meet the minimum investment amount by aggregating multiple accounts within the Fund if desired and if allowed by the relevant intermediary. The Fund reserves the right to change the amount of these minimums from time to time or to waive them in whole or in part if, in the Adviser's or the Fund's opinion, the investor has adequate intent and availability of assets to reach a future level of investment in the Fund that is equal to or greater than the minimum. Investors may establish an Automatic Investment Plan (AIP) account or a Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) account; there are no subsequent investment minimums for investments in AIP or SWP accounts.

Purchases and redemptions of the Institutional Class shares may be made on any day the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading. Purchases and redemptions can generally be made only through institutional channels, such as financial intermediaries and retirement platforms, unless the investment is held directly with the Fund's transfer agent. You should contact your financial intermediary or refer to your plan documents for information on how to invest in the Fund.

## **Tax Information**

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, the Fund's distributions are taxable and will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains or, in some cases qualified dividend income for individual shareholders subject to tax at maximum federal rates applicable to long-term capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan, an individual retirement account or 529 college savings plan. Such tax-deferred arrangements may be subject to U.S. federal income tax rates applicable to ordinary income upon withdrawal of monies from those arrangements and may be subject to penalties on amounts withdrawn prematurely.

### **Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries**

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## FUND SUMMARY

### Clarkston Select Fund (the “Fund”)

#### Investment Objective

The Fund’s investment objective is to achieve long-term capital appreciation and current income.

#### Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

	<b>Institutional Class</b>
<b>Shareholder Fees</b> (fees paid directly from your investment)	
Maximum sales charge (Load) imposed on purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	None
Maximum deferred sales charge (Load)	None
Redemption Fee	None
<b>Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b> (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
Management Fees	0.50%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	None
Other Expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	0.78%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.28%
Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement <sup>(2)</sup>	(0.58)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver/Expense Reimbursement	0.70%

<sup>(1)</sup> “Other Expenses” are based on estimated amounts for the Fund’s first fiscal year.

<sup>(2)</sup> Clarkston Capital Partners, LLC (the “Adviser”) has contractually agreed to limit the amount of the Fund’s Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses, exclusive of shareholder service fees, brokerage expenses, interest expenses, acquired fund fees and expenses, taxes and extraordinary expenses, to an annual rate of 0.55% of the Fund’s average daily net assets for the Institutional Class shares. This agreement is in effect through January 31, 2018. The Adviser may not terminate this agreement without the approval of the Fund’s Board of Trustees. The Adviser will be permitted to recover, on a class-by-class basis, expenses it has borne through the agreement described above to the extent that the Fund’s expenses in later periods fall below the annual rate set forth above. The Fund will not be obligated to pay any such deferred fees and expenses more than three years after the end of the fiscal year in which the fees and expenses were deferred.

**Example**

This example is intended to help you compare the costs of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. The example takes into consideration the agreement by the Adviser to waive fees and reimburse expenses for the contractual period only.

<b>Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:</b>	<b>1 Year</b>	<b>3 Years</b>
Institutional Class	\$ 72	\$ 348

**Portfolio Turnover**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. A higher turnover rate may also result in additional income taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. Because the Fund is newly organized, portfolio turnover information is not available.

**Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund**

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests primarily in dividend paying equity securities of U.S. medium- and large-market capitalization companies. The Fund’s investments in equity securities may include common stock, preferred stock and convertible securities. The Fund may also invest in foreign equity securities through American Depositary Receipts (“ADRs”).

The Adviser considers medium and large market capitalization companies to be those companies with market capitalizations within the range of companies included in the Russell Midcap® Index or within the range of companies included in the Russell 1000® Index at the time of initial purchase. As of December 31, 2016, the Russell Midcap® Index included companies with a market capitalization range of between approximately \$643 million and \$57.6 billion. As of December 31, 2016, the Russell 1000® Index included companies with a market capitalization range of between approximately \$570 million and \$618 billion. The Fund will, however, also invest in equity securities of smaller or larger companies. Because medium and large capitalization companies are defined by reference to indices, the market capitalization of the companies in which the Fund invests may vary with market conditions.

The Fund seeks to achieve long-term capital appreciation while minimizing volatility and risk. To accomplish this goal, the Fund invests in companies that the Adviser believes to be of high quality and believes to be undervalued relative to their expected long-term free cash flows. The Adviser refers to this investment philosophy as “quality/value”. The dividend component of the Fund’s strategy consists of seeking companies that have a history of paying dividends and increasing dividends.

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The Adviser defines high-quality companies as those that meet certain financial, business and management criteria, which may vary over time. These criteria include favorable profitability metrics, sustainable competitive advantages and capable management teams.

The Fund is “non-diversified,” which means that it may invest a significant portion of its assets in a relatively small number of issuers. From time to time, the Fund may focus its investments in companies in one or more economic sectors. Economic sectors include multiple different industries. The Fund will not invest 25% or more of its assets in any one industry.

### **Principal Risks of the Fund**

**As with any mutual fund, there are risks to investing. There is no guarantee that the Fund will meet its investment objective. The following is a description of the principal risks of the Fund, which may adversely affect its net asset value and total return. There are other circumstances (including additional risks that are not described herein) which could prevent the Fund from achieving its investment objective.**

*ADR Risk.* The Fund may invest in ADRs, which are certificates that evidence ownership of shares of a foreign issuer and are alternatives to purchasing directly underlying foreign securities in their national markets and currencies. However, ADRs may be subject to certain of the risks associated with direct investments in the securities of foreign companies. Moreover, ADRs may not track the price of the underlying foreign securities on which they are based, and their value may change materially at times when U.S. markets are not open for trading.

*Cash-Sweep Program Risk.* The Fund may invest in cash-sweep programs administered by the Fund’s custodian or another third party through which the Fund’s cash holdings are placed in interest-bearing savings accounts or demand deposit accounts at various banks. All sweep vehicles, whether or not registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”), carry certain risks. For example, money market fund sweep vehicles are subject to market risks and are not subject to FDIC protection. Additionally, bank deposit sweep vehicles are subject to bank failure risk, but are eligible for FDIC protection up to a limit of \$250,000 per account. The vehicle through which the Fund’s cash-sweep program is administered may include bank deposits that are not registered under the 1940 Act, in which case, the Fund, as an investor in the vehicle, would not be entitled to the protections afforded by the 1940 Act.

*Dividend Risk.* An issuer of stock held by the Fund may choose not to declare a dividend or the dividend rate might not remain at current levels. Dividend paying stocks might not experience the same level of earnings growth or capital appreciation as non-dividend paying stocks.

*Equity Securities Risk.* The Fund will invest in equity securities. Equity securities (which generally include common stocks, preferred stocks, warrants, and securities convertible into common or preferred stocks) are generally volatile and riskier than some other forms of investment. Equity securities of companies with relatively small market capitalizations may be more volatile than the securities of larger, more established companies. Common stock prices fluctuate based on changes in a company’s financial condition, on overall market and economic conditions, and on investors’ perception of a company’s well-being. Preferred stocks are typically subordinated to bonds and other debt instruments in a company’s capital structure in terms of priority to corporate income. As

well as the risks associated with common stocks, preferred stocks will be subject to greater credit risk than the debt instruments to which they are subordinate. Convertible stock is subject to the risks of both debt securities and equity securities. The value of convertible stock tends to decline as interest rates rise and, due to the conversion feature, to vary with fluctuations in the market value of the underlying equity security.

*Large-Capitalization Company Risk.* Large-capitalization companies may go in and out of favor based on market and economic conditions. Large companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges, such as changes in technology, and also may not be able to attain the high growth rate of successful smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansion. Although the securities of larger companies may be less volatile than those of companies with smaller market capitalizations, returns on investments in securities of large-capitalization companies could trail the returns on investments in securities of smaller companies.

*Market Risk.* The market price of a security or instrument may decline, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a particular company, such as real or perceived adverse economic or political conditions throughout the world, changes in the general outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates or adverse investor sentiment generally. The market value of a security or instrument also may decline because of factors that affect a particular industry or industries, such as labor shortages or increased production costs and competitive conditions within an industry.

*Mid-Cap Company Risk.* The securities of mid-capitalization companies may be subject to more abrupt or erratic market movements and may have lower trading volumes or more erratic trading than securities of larger, more established companies or market averages in general. In addition, such companies typically are more likely to be adversely affected than large-capitalization companies by changes in earnings results, business prospects, investor expectations or poor economic or market conditions.

*New Adviser Risk.* The Adviser has a limited history of managing mutual funds for investors to evaluate.

*New Fund Risk.* There is no performance history for investors of the Fund to evaluate, as the Fund is newly formed.

*Non-Diversification Risk.* The Fund is classified as a “non-diversified” investment company under the 1940 Act, which means that it may invest more of its assets in the securities of a single issuer or a smaller number of issuers than if it were a “diversified” fund. To the extent the Fund invests a significant percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers, the Fund is subject to the risks of investing in those few issuers, and may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence. As a result, changes in the market value of a single security could cause greater fluctuations in the value of Fund shares than would occur in a diversified fund.

*Sector Focus Risk.* The Fund may invest a substantial portion of its assets within one or more economic sectors. To the extent the Fund focuses in one or more sectors, market or economic factors impacting those sectors could have a significant effect on the value of the Fund’s investments. Additionally, the Fund’s performance may be more volatile when the Fund’s investments are

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focused in a particular sector. The Fund may tend to be more heavily weighted in companies in the financials sector. The values of companies in the financials sector are particularly vulnerable to economic downturns and changes in government regulation and interest rates.

It is possible to lose money on an investment in the Fund. Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of any bank, are not endorsed or guaranteed by any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

### **Performance Information**

As of the date of this Prospectus, the Fund had not yet commenced operations. When the Fund has completed a full calendar year of investment operations, this section will include charts that show annual total returns, highest and lowest quarterly returns and average annual total returns (before and after taxes) compared to a benchmark selected for the Fund. Updated performance information is available on the Fund's website at [www.clarkstonfunds.com](http://www.clarkstonfunds.com) or by calling 1-844-680-6562.

### **Investment Adviser**

Clarkston Capital Partners, LLC is the investment adviser to the Fund.

### **Portfolio Managers**

Jeffrey A. Hakala, CFA, CPA, Chief Investment Officer of the Adviser, has been a portfolio manager for the Fund since its inception.

Gerald W. Hakala, CFA, Director of Research of the Adviser, has been a portfolio manager for the Fund since its inception.

### **Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**

The Fund offers investors one class of shares: Institutional Class. The Institutional Class shares are subject to a \$10,000 minimum with no minimum subsequent investment. Investors generally may meet the minimum investment amount by aggregating multiple accounts within the Fund if desired and if allowed by the relevant intermediary. The Fund reserves the right to change the amount of these minimums from time to time or to waive them in whole or in part if, in the Adviser's or the Fund's opinion, the investor has adequate intent and availability of assets to reach a future level of investment in the Fund that is equal to or greater than the minimum. Investors may establish an Automatic Investment Plan (AIP) account or a Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) account; there are no subsequent investment minimums for investments in AIP or SWP accounts.

Purchases and redemptions of Institutional Class shares may be made on any day the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading. Purchases and redemptions can generally be made only through institutional channels, such as financial intermediaries and retirement platforms, unless the investment is held directly with the Fund's transfer agent. You should contact your financial intermediary or refer to your plan documents for information on how to invest in the Fund.

## **Tax Information**

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, the Fund's distributions are taxable and will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains or, in some cases qualified dividend income for individual shareholders subject to tax at maximum federal rates applicable to long-term capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan, an individual retirement account or 529 college savings plan. Such tax-deferred arrangements may be subject to U.S. federal income tax at rates applicable to ordinary income upon withdrawal of monies from those arrangements, and may be subject to penalties on amounts withdrawn prematurely.

## **Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries**

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

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## FUND SUMMARY

### Clarkston Founders Fund (the “Fund”)

#### Investment Objective

The Fund’s investment objective is to achieve long-term capital appreciation.

#### Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

	<b>Institutional Class</b>
<b>Shareholder Fees</b> (fees paid directly from your investment)	
Maximum sales charge (Load) imposed on purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	None
Maximum deferred sales charge (Load)	None
Redemption Fee	None
<b>Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b> (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
Management Fees	0.75%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	None
Other Expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	0.78%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.53%
Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement <sup>(2)</sup>	(0.58)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver/Expense Reimbursement	0.95%

<sup>(1)</sup> “Other Expenses” are based on estimated amounts for the Fund’s first fiscal year.

<sup>(2)</sup> Clarkston Capital Partners, LLC (the “Adviser”) has contractually agreed to limit the amount of the Fund’s Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses, exclusive of shareholder service fees, brokerage expenses, interest expenses, acquired fund fees and expenses, taxes and extraordinary expenses, to an annual rate of 0.80% of the Fund’s average daily net assets for the Institutional Class shares. This agreement is in effect through January 31, 2018. The Adviser may not terminate this agreement without the approval of the Fund’s Board of Trustees. The Adviser will be permitted to recover, on a class-by-class basis, expenses it has borne through the agreement described above to the extent that the Fund’s expenses in later periods fall below the annual rate set forth above. The Fund will not be obligated to pay any such deferred fees and expenses more than three years after the end of the fiscal year in which the fees and expenses were deferred.

## Example

This example is intended to help you compare the costs of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. The example takes into consideration the agreement by the Adviser to waive fees and reimburse expenses for the contractual period only.

<b>Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:</b>	<b>1 Year</b>	<b>3 Years</b>
Institutional Class	\$ 97	\$ 426

## Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. A higher turnover rate may also result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. Because the Fund is newly organized, portfolio turnover is not available.

## Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests primarily in equity securities of U.S. medium-market capitalization companies. The Fund's investments in equity securities may include common stock, preferred stock and convertible securities. The Fund may also invest in foreign equity securities through American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs").

The Adviser considers medium capitalization companies to be those companies with market capitalizations within the range of companies included in the Russell Midcap® Index at the time of initial purchase. As of December 31, 2016, the Russell Midcap® Index included companies with a market capitalization range of between approximately \$643 million and \$57.6 billion. The Fund will, however, also invest in equity securities of smaller or larger companies. Because medium-market capitalization companies are defined by reference to an index, the market capitalization of the companies in which the Fund invests may vary with market conditions.

The Fund seeks to achieve long-term capital appreciation while minimizing volatility and risk. To accomplish this goal, the Fund invests in companies that the Adviser believes to be of high quality and believes to be undervalued relative to their expected long-term free cash flow. The Adviser refers to this investment philosophy as "quality/value".

The Adviser defines high-quality companies as those that meet certain financial, business and management criteria, which may vary over time. These criteria include favorable profitability metrics, sustainable competitive advantages and capable management teams.

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The Fund is “non-diversified,” which means that it may invest a significant portion of its assets in a relatively small number of issuers. From time to time, the Fund may focus its investments in companies in one or more economic sectors. Economic sectors include multiple different industries. The Fund will not invest 25% or more of its assets in any one industry.

### **Principal Risks of the Fund**

**As with any mutual fund, there are risks to investing. There is no guarantee that the Fund will meet its investment objective. The following is a description of the principal risks of the Fund, which may adversely affect its net asset value and total return. There are other circumstances (including additional risks that are not described herein) which could prevent the Fund from achieving its investment objective.**

*ADR Risk.* The Fund may invest in ADRs, which are certificates that evidence ownership of shares of a foreign issuer and are alternatives to purchasing directly underlying foreign securities in their national markets and currencies. However, ADRs may be subject to certain of the risks associated with direct investments in the securities of foreign companies. Moreover, ADRs may not track the price of the underlying foreign securities on which they are based, and their value may change materially at times when U.S. markets are not open for trading.

*Cash-Sweep Program Risk.* The Fund may invest in cash-sweep programs administered by the Fund’s custodian or another third party through which the Fund’s cash holdings are placed in interest-bearing savings accounts or demand deposit accounts at various banks. All sweep vehicles, whether or not registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”), carry certain risks. For example, money market fund sweep vehicles are subject to market risks and are not subject to FDIC protection. Additionally, bank deposit sweep vehicles are subject to bank failure risk, but are eligible for FDIC protection up to a limit of \$250,000 per account. The vehicle through which the Fund’s cash-sweep program is administered may include bank deposits that are not registered under the 1940 Act, in which case, the Fund, as an investor in the vehicle, would not be entitled to the protections afforded by the 1940 Act.

*Equity Securities Risk.* The Fund will invest in equity securities. Equity securities (which generally include common stocks, preferred stocks, warrants, and securities convertible into common or preferred stocks) are generally volatile and riskier than some other forms of investment. Equity securities of companies with relatively small market capitalizations may be more volatile than the securities of larger, more established companies. Common stock prices fluctuate based on changes in a company’s financial condition, on overall market and economic conditions, and on investors’ perception of a company’s well-being. Preferred stocks are typically subordinated to bonds and other debt instruments in a company’s capital structure in terms of priority to corporate income. As well as the risks associated with common stocks, preferred stocks will be subject to greater credit risk than the debt instruments to which they are subordinate. Convertible stock is subject to the risks of both debt securities and equity securities. The value of convertible stock tends to decline as interest rates rise and, due to the conversion feature, to vary with fluctuations in the market value of the underlying equity security.

**Market Risk.** The market price of a security or instrument may decline, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a particular company, such as real or perceived adverse economic or political conditions throughout the world, changes in the general outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates or adverse investor sentiment generally. The market value of a security or instrument also may decline because of factors that affect a particular industry or industries, such as labor shortages or increased production costs and competitive conditions within an industry.

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**New Adviser Risk.** The Adviser has a limited history of managing mutual funds for investors to evaluate.

**New Fund Risk.** There is no performance history for investors of the Fund to evaluate, as the Fund is newly formed.

**Non-Diversification Risk.** The Fund is classified as a “non-diversified” investment company under the 1940 Act, which means that it may invest more of its assets in the securities of a single issuer or a smaller number of issuers than if it were a “diversified” fund. To the extent the Fund invests a significant percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers, the Fund is subject to the risks of investing in those few issuers, and may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence. As a result, changes in the market value of a single security could cause greater fluctuations in the value of Fund shares than would occur in a diversified fund.

**Sector Focus Risk.** The Fund may invest a substantial portion of its assets within one or more economic sectors. To the extent the Fund focuses in one or more sectors, market or economic factors impacting those sectors could have a significant effect on the value of the Fund’s investments. Additionally, the Fund’s performance may be more volatile when the Fund’s investments are focused in a particular sector. The Fund may tend to be more heavily weighted in companies in the financials sector. The values of companies in the financials sector are particularly vulnerable to economic downturns and changes in government regulation and interest rates.

It is possible to lose money on an investment in the Fund. Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of any bank, are not endorsed or guaranteed by any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

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## **Performance Information**

As of the date of this Prospectus, the Fund has not yet commenced operations. When the Fund has completed a full calendar year of investment operations, this section will include charts that show annual total returns, highest and lowest quarterly returns and average annual total returns (before and after taxes) compared to a benchmark selected for the Fund. Updated performance information is available on the Fund's website at [www.clarkstonfunds.com](http://www.clarkstonfunds.com) or by calling 1-844-680-6562.

## **Investment Adviser**

Clarkston Capital Partners, LLC is the investment adviser to the Fund.

## **Portfolio Managers**

Jeffrey A. Hakala, CFA, CPA, Chief Investment Officer of the Adviser, has been a portfolio manager for the Fund since its inception.

Gerald W. Hakala, CFA, Director of Research of the Adviser, has been a portfolio manager for the Fund since its inception.

## **Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**

The Fund offers investors one class of shares: Institutional Class. The Institutional Class shares are subject to a \$10,000 minimum with no minimum subsequent investment. Investors generally may meet the minimum investment amount by aggregating multiple accounts within the Fund if desired and if allowed by the relevant intermediary. The Fund reserves the right to change the amount of these minimums from time to time or to waive them in whole or in part if, in the Adviser's or the Fund's opinion, the investor has adequate intent and availability of assets to reach a future level of investment in the Fund that is equal to or greater than the minimum. Investors may establish an Automatic Investment Plan (AIP) account or a Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) account; there are no subsequent investment minimums for investments in AIP or SWP accounts.

Purchases and redemptions of Institutional Class shares may be made on any day the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading. Purchases and redemptions can generally be made only through institutional channels, such as financial intermediaries and retirement platforms, unless the investment is held directly with the Fund's transfer agent. You should contact your financial intermediary or refer to your plan documents for information on how to invest in the Fund.

## **Tax Information**

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, the Fund's distributions are taxable and will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains or, in some cases qualified dividend income for individual shareholders subject to tax at maximum federal rates applicable to long-term capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan, an individual retirement account or 529 college savings plan. Such tax-deferred arrangements may be subject to U.S. federal income tax at rates applicable to ordinary income upon withdrawal of monies from those arrangements, and may be subject to penalties on amounts withdrawn prematurely.

### **Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries**

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

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## INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

This section describes the investment objectives and principal investment strategies of each of the Clarkston Partners Fund, the Clarkston Fund, the Clarkston Select Fund and the Clarkston Founders Fund (each, a “Fund,” and collectively, the “Funds”). See **“MORE ON EACH FUND’S INVESTMENTS AND RELATED RISKS”** in this Prospectus and the Statement of Additional Information for more information about the Funds’ investments and the risks of investing.

### **What is each Fund’s Investment Objective?**

The Clarkston Partners Fund’s investment objective is to achieve long-term capital appreciation.

The Clarkston Fund’s investment objective is to achieve long-term capital appreciation.

The Clarkston Select Fund’s investment objective is to achieve long-term capital appreciation and current income.

The Clarkston Founders Fund’s investment objective is to achieve long-term capital appreciation.

While there is no assurance that the Funds will achieve their investment objectives, the Funds endeavor to do so by following the strategies and policies described in this Prospectus.

The Board of Trustees (the “Board”) may change a Fund’s name, investment objectives or principal investment strategies without a shareholder vote. A Fund will notify you in writing at least sixty (60) days before making any such change. If there is a material change to a Fund’s investment objectives or principal investment strategies, you should consider whether that Fund remains an appropriate investment for you.

### **What are Each Fund’s Principal Investment Strategies?**

#### ***Clarkston Partners Fund***

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests primarily in equity securities of U.S. small and medium market capitalization companies. The Fund’s investments in equity securities may include common stock, preferred stock and convertible securities.

The Adviser considers small- and medium-market capitalization companies to be those companies with market capitalizations below that of the largest company based on market capitalization in the Russell 2500™ Index at the time of initial purchase. As of December 31, 2016, the market capitalization of the largest company based on market capitalization in the Russell 2500™ Index was \$22.5 billion. The Fund will, however, also invest in equity securities of larger companies. Because small and medium market capitalization companies are defined by reference to an index, the market capitalization of the companies in which the fund invests may vary with market conditions.

The Fund seeks to achieve long-term capital appreciation while minimizing volatility and risk by investing in companies that the Adviser believes to be of high quality and believes to be undervalued relative to their future growth potential. The Adviser refers to this approach as “quality/value” investing.

The Fund is “non-diversified,” which means that it may invest a significant portion of its assets in a relatively small number of issuers. From time to time, the Fund may focus its investments in companies in one or more economic sectors. Economic sectors include multiple different industries. The Fund will not invest 25% or more of its assets in any one industry.

### ***Clarkston Fund***

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests primarily in equity securities of U.S. large market capitalization companies. The Fund’s investments in equity securities may include common stock, preferred stock and convertible securities.

The Adviser considers large-market capitalization companies to be those companies with market capitalizations above that of the smallest company based on market capitalization in the S&P500® Index at the time of initial purchase. As of December 31, 2016, the market capitalization of the smallest company based on market capitalization in the S&P500® Index was \$2.4 billion. The Fund will, however, also invest in equity securities of smaller companies. Because large market capitalization companies are defined by reference to an index, the market capitalization of the companies in which the Fund invests may vary with market conditions.

The Fund seeks to achieve long-term capital appreciation while minimizing volatility and risk by investing in companies that the Adviser believes to be of high quality and believes to be undervalued relative to their future growth potential. The Adviser refers to this approach as “quality/value” investing.

The Fund is “non-diversified,” which means that it may invest a significant portion of its assets in a relatively small number of issuers. From time to time, the Fund may focus its investments in companies in one or more economic sectors. Economic sectors include multiple different industries. The Fund will not invest 25% or more of its assets in any one industry.

### ***Clarkston Select Fund***

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests primarily in dividend paying equity securities of U.S. medium and large market capitalization companies. The Fund’s investments in equity securities may include common stock, preferred stock and convertible securities.

The Adviser considers medium- and large-market capitalization companies to be those companies with market capitalizations within the range of companies included in the Russell Midcap® Index or within the range of companies included in the Russell 1000® Index at the time of initial purchase. As of December 31, 2016, the Russell Midcap® Index included companies with a market capitalization range of between approximately \$643 million and \$57.6 billion. As of December 31, 2016, the Russell 1000® Index included companies with a market capitalization range of between approximately \$570 million and \$618 billion. The Fund will, however, also invest in equity securities

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of smaller or larger companies. Because medium and large capitalization companies are defined by reference to indices, the market capitalization of the companies in which the Fund invests may vary with market conditions.

The Fund seeks to achieve long-term capital appreciation while minimizing volatility and risk by investing in companies that the Adviser believes to be of high quality and believes to be undervalued relative to their future growth potential. The Adviser refers to this investment philosophy as “quality/value” investing. The dividend component of the Fund’s strategy consists of seeking companies that have a history of paying dividends and increasing dividends.

The Fund is “non-diversified,” which means that it may invest a significant portion of its assets in a relatively small number of issuers. From time to time, the Fund may focus its investments in companies in one or more economic sectors. Economic sectors include multiple different industries. The Fund will not invest 25% or more of its assets in any one industry.

### ***Clarkston Founders Fund***

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests primarily in equity securities of U.S. medium market capitalization companies. The Fund’s investments in equity securities may include common stock, preferred stock and convertible securities.

The Adviser considers medium-capitalization companies to be those companies with market capitalizations within the range of companies included in the Russell Midcap® Index at the time of initial purchase. As of December 31, 2016, the Russell Midcap® Index included companies with a market capitalization range of between approximately \$643 million and \$57.6 billion. The Fund will, however, also invest in equity securities of smaller or larger companies. Because medium market capitalization companies are defined by reference to an index, the market capitalization of the companies in which the Fund invests may vary with market conditions.

The Fund seeks to achieve long-term capital appreciation while minimizing volatility and risk by investing in companies that the Adviser believes to be of high quality and believes to be undervalued relative to their future growth potential. The Adviser refers to this investment philosophy as “quality/value” investing.

The Fund is “non-diversified,” which means that it may invest a significant portion of its assets in a relatively small number of issuers. From time to time, the Fund may focus its investments in companies in one or more economic sectors. Economic sectors include multiple different industries. The Fund will not invest 25% or more of its assets in any one industry.

### **All Funds**

In managing each Fund’s portfolio, the Adviser uses its “quality/value” investment philosophy to create focused portfolios that are designed to allow each company to have a significant contribution to the overall performance of a Fund. The Adviser focuses on quality companies with sustainable competitive advantages that are operated by capable managers who have a keen eye for capital allocation resulting in consistently high Cash Returns on Net Operating Assets (“CRONOA”). The Adviser’s definition of “quality” companies are those that have competitive advantages that

allow for consistently high CRONOA and sufficient free cash. The Adviser seeks to implement its philosophy through the disciplined purchasing of quality companies only when the companies trade at a reasonable discount to intrinsic value.

The Adviser's investment process begins with an analysis for quality in three areas or principles: financial, business and management.

*Financial Principle:* Consistently high CRONOA, solid free cash generation and strong balance sheets are characteristics typically found in companies that possess competitive advantages.

*Business Principle:* The Adviser focuses on understanding the business model, identifying the source of a company's competitive advantage, and determining if the competitive advantage is sustainable.

*Management Principle:* The Adviser's fundamental analysis consists of assessing management teams capable of understanding and executing their competitive advantage and who allocate capital in a manner that preserves and enhances their industry dominance. Management honesty and candor is also a fundamental requirement.

Companies that meet the Adviser's requirements in these areas are then subjected to the Adviser's valuation analysis. The Adviser's valuation analysis process begins with a determination of a company's "normalized" free cash flow yield. The Adviser adds this yield to its estimate of the company's future free cash flow yield growth rate. This results in the Adviser's expectation for a security's expected return. The Adviser purchases companies only when their return expectation exceeds the Adviser's internal return targets. Companies with higher risk profiles have higher internal return targets.

### MORE ON EACH FUND'S INVESTMENTS AND RELATED RISKS

Each Fund's investment objective and principal investment strategies are described above under **"INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES."** This section provides additional information about each Fund's investment strategies and certain portfolio management techniques each Fund may use, as well as the principal and other risks that may affect each Fund's portfolio. Additional information about some of these investments and portfolio management techniques and their associated risks is included in the Funds' Statement of Additional Information ("SAI"), which is available without charge upon request (see back cover).

### What are the Principal Risks of Investing in the Funds?

*ADR Risk.* Each Fund may invest in ADRs, which are certificates that evidence ownership of shares of a foreign issuer and are alternatives to purchasing directly underlying foreign securities in their national markets and currencies. However, ADRs may be subject to certain of the risks associated with direct investments in the securities of foreign companies. Moreover, ADRs may not track the price of the underlying foreign securities on which they are based, and their value may change materially at times when U.S. markets are not open for trading.

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*Cash-Sweep Program Risk.* The Funds may invest in cash-sweep programs administered by the Funds' custodian or another third party through which the Funds' cash holdings are placed in interest-bearing savings accounts or demand deposit accounts at various banks. All sweep vehicles, whether or not registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), carry certain risks. For example, money market fund sweep vehicles are subject to market risks and are not subject to FDIC protection. Additionally, bank deposit sweep vehicles are subject to bank failure risk, but are eligible for FDIC protection up to a limit of \$250,000 per account. The vehicle through which a Fund's cash-sweep program is administered may include bank deposits that are not registered under the 1940 Act, in which case, a Fund, as an investor in the vehicle, would not be entitled to the protections afforded by the 1940 Act.

*Dividend Risk.* The Clarkston Select Fund is expected to invest in dividend paying equity securities. An issuer of stock held by the Fund may choose not to declare a dividend or the dividend rate might not remain at current levels. Dividend paying stocks might not experience the same level of earnings growth or capital appreciation as non-dividend paying stocks.

*Equity Securities Risk.* Each Fund will invest in equity securities. Equity securities (which generally include common stocks, preferred stocks, warrants, securities convertible into common or preferred stocks and similar securities) are generally more volatile and riskier than some other forms of investment. Equity securities of companies with relatively small market capitalizations may be more volatile than the securities of larger, more established companies and the broad equity market indices generally. This risk of loss is further elevated because the Funds may target businesses that may be experiencing or recently experienced financial distress, or may be in, entering, or emerging from, bankruptcy proceedings. Common stock and other equity securities may take the form of stock in corporations, partnership interests, interests in limited liability companies and other direct or indirect interests in business organizations. Common stock prices fluctuate based on changes in a company's financial condition, on overall market and economic conditions, and on investors' perception of a company's well-being. Preferred stocks are typically subordinated to bonds and other debt instruments in a company's capital structure in terms of priority to corporate income. As well as the risks associated with common stocks, preferred stocks will be subject to greater credit risk than the debt instruments to which they are subordinate. Convertible stock is subject to the risks of both debt securities and equity securities. The value of convertible stock tends to decline as interest rates rise and, due to the conversion feature, to vary with fluctuations in the market value of the underlying equity security.

*Large-Capitalization Company Risk.* The Clarkston Fund and the Clarkston Select Fund are expected to invest in large-capitalization companies. Large-capitalization companies may go in and out of favor based on market and economic conditions. Large companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges, such as changes in technology, and also may not be able to attain the high growth rate of successful smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansion. Although the securities of larger companies may be less volatile than those of companies with smaller market capitalizations, returns on investments in securities of large capitalization companies could trail the returns on investments in securities of smaller companies.

*Mid-Capitalization and Small-Capitalization Company Risk.* The Clarkston Select Fund and the Clarkston Founders Fund are expected to invest in mid-capitalization companies and the Clarkston Partners Fund is expected to invest in small- and mid-capitalization companies. The securities of small-capitalization and mid-capitalization companies may be subject to more abrupt or erratic market movements and may have lower trading volumes or more erratic trading than securities of larger, more established companies or market averages in general. In addition, such companies typically are more likely to be adversely affected than large capitalization companies by changes in earnings results, business prospects, investor expectations or poor economic or market conditions.

*Market Risk.* The market price of a security or instrument may decline, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a particular company, such as real or perceived adverse economic or political conditions throughout the world, changes in the general outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates or adverse investor sentiment generally. The market value of a security or instrument also may decline because of factors that affect a particular industry or industries, such as labor shortages or increased production costs and competitive conditions within an industry.

*New Adviser Risk.* The Adviser has a limited history of managing mutual funds for investors to evaluate.

*New Fund Risk.* The Funds were recently formed and therefore have limited or no history for investors to evaluate.

*Non-Diversification Risk.* Each Fund is classified a “non-diversified” investment company under the 1940 Act, which means that each Fund may invest more of its assets in the securities of a single issuer or a smaller number of issuers than if it were a “diversified” fund. To the extent a Fund invests a significant percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers, such Fund is subject to the risks of investing in those few issuers, and may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence. As a result, changes in the market value of a single security could cause greater fluctuations in the value of a Fund’s shares than would occur in a diversified fund.

*Sector Focus Risk.* To the extent that the holdings in a Fund are focused in a particular sector, the Fund will be subject to the risk that economic, political or other conditions that have a negative effect on that sector may negatively impact the Fund to a greater extent than if the assets were invested in a wider variety of sectors. The financial services sector has a number of inherent risks, such as: (i) regulatory risks, which significantly impact the highly regulated financial services sector because financial institutions face considerable costs for regulatory compliance and reporting, (ii) credit risks, as sudden freezes or a loss of credit can disrupt daily operations, (iii) liquidity risk when assets or investments lose value and collateral cannot be sold in time to prevent a loss and (iv) recoupment risk if financial institutions lose their ability to recover loans and/or investments made regarding assets that have lost their value. Financial institutions also face (i) operational risks due to speculation as to how the markets will react in the future, (ii) security risks (including cybersecurity risks), and (iii) business continuity risks. Finally, some financial institutions face diversification risk because they may be very concentrated in their business focus or exposed to single business lines.

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## What are the Non-Principal Risks of Investing in the Funds?

The inherent risks associated with the Funds that are less likely to have a material effect on each Fund's investment portfolio as a whole are called "non-principal risks." The non-principal risks of the Funds are further described below and in the SAI. It is important to read all the disclosure information provided and to understand that you may lose money by investing in a Fund.

*Cash Position Risk.* A Fund may hold cash or short-term instruments, such as interest-bearing savings accounts or demand deposit accounts at banks and investments in money market accounts for many reasons including, (i) as part of the Adviser's strategy in order to take advantage of investment opportunities as they arise, (ii) when the portfolio managers believe that market conditions are unfavorable for profitable investing for the Fund, (iii) when the portfolio managers are otherwise unable to locate attractive investment opportunities for the Fund, (iv) as a temporary measure in order to meet redemption requests, or (v) as a defensive measure in response to adverse market or economic conditions. During periods when a Fund maintains exposure to cash or short-term instruments, it may not participate in market movements to the same extent that it would if the Fund was more fully invested in equity securities.

*Cybersecurity Risk.* In connection with the increased use of technologies such as the Internet and the dependence on computer systems to perform necessary business functions, each Fund may be susceptible to operational, information security and related risks due to the possibility of cyber-attacks or other incidents. Cyber incidents may result from deliberate attacks or unintentional events. Cyber-attacks include, but are not limited to, infection by computer viruses or other malicious software code, gaining unauthorized access to systems, networks or devices that are used to service a Fund's operations through hacking or other means for the purpose of misappropriating assets or sensitive information, corrupting data or causing operational disruption. Cyber- attacks may also be carried out in a manner that does not require gaining unauthorized access, such as causing denial-of-service attacks (which can make a website unavailable) on the Funds' website. In addition, authorized persons could inadvertently or intentionally release confidential or proprietary information stored on a Fund's systems.

Cybersecurity failures or breaches by a Fund's third-party service providers (including, but not limited to, the adviser, distributor, custodian, transfer agent and financial intermediaries) may cause disruptions and impact the service providers' and a Fund's business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses, the inability of Fund shareholders to transact business and the mutual funds to process transactions, inability to calculate a Fund's net asset value, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs and/or additional compliance costs. Each Fund and its shareholders could be negatively impacted as a result of successful cyber-attacks against, or security breakdowns of, a Fund or its third-party service providers.

A Fund may incur substantial costs to prevent or address cyber incidents in the future. In addition, there is a possibility that certain risks have not been adequately identified or prepared for. Furthermore, a Fund cannot directly control any cybersecurity plans and systems put in place by third party service providers. Cybersecurity risks are also present for issuers of securities in which a Fund invests, which could result in material adverse consequences for such issuers, and may cause a Fund's investment in such securities to lose value.

*Derivatives Risk.* The Funds may invest in derivative securities for bona fide hedging purposes. A derivative security is a financial contract whose value is based on (or “derived from”) a traditional security (such as a bond) or a market index. The use of futures, options, repurchase agreements and other derivatives involves risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments, and include leverage, volatility, liquidity, credit and tracking risks. In addition, long options positions may expire worthless.

*Exchange-Traded Fund (“ETF”) and Other Investment Company Risk.* As a non-principal investment strategy, each Fund may invest in ETFs and other investment companies. ETFs are funds whose shares are traded on a national exchange. ETFs may be based on underlying equity or fixed income securities, as well as commodities or currencies. ETFs do not sell individual shares directly to investors and only issue their shares in large blocks known as “creation units.” The investor purchasing a creation unit then sells the individual shares on a secondary market. Although similar diversification benefits may be achieved through an investment in another investment company, ETFs generally offer greater liquidity and lower expenses. Because an ETF incurs its own fees and expenses, shareholders of the Fund investing in an ETF will indirectly bear those costs. Such Fund will also incur brokerage commissions and related charges when purchasing or selling shares of an ETF. Unlike typical investment company shares, which are valued once daily, shares in an ETF may be purchased or sold on a securities exchange throughout the trading day at market prices that are generally close to the NAV of the ETF.

The Funds may also invest in investment companies that are corporations, trusts, or partnerships that invest pooled shareholder dollars in securities appropriate to the organization’s objective. Mutual funds, closed-end funds, unit investment trusts and ETFs are examples of investment companies. By investing in another investment company, the Funds will indirectly bear any asset-based fees and expenses charged by the underlying investment company in which the Funds invest. Investments in securities of other investment companies are subject to statutory limitations prescribed by the 1940 Act. Absent an available exemption, the Funds may not: (i) acquire more than 3% of the voting securities of any other investment company; (ii) invest more than 5% of their total assets in securities of any one investment company; or (iii) invest more than 10% of their total assets in securities of all investment companies.

*Foreign Security Risk.* The Funds may invest in foreign securities indirectly through ADRs. Foreign securities are generally riskier than U.S. securities. As a result, the Funds are subject to foreign risk, meaning that political events (such as civil unrest, national elections and imposition of exchange controls), social and economic events (such as labor strikes and rising inflation), and natural disasters occurring in a country where a Fund invests could cause the Fund’s investments in that country to experience gains or losses. Securities of foreign issuers may be less liquid, more volatile and harder to value than U.S. securities.

*Investment Focus Risk.* To the extent that a Fund focuses its investments in particular industries, classes or sectors (such as healthcare, technology, retail, financial services and business services) of the economy, any market price movements, regulatory or technological changes, or economic conditions affecting companies in those industries, asset classes or sectors will have a significant impact on the Fund’s performance. The Funds will not concentrate their investments, as defined under the 1940 Act.

*Liquidity Risk.* From time to time, the trading market for a particular security or type of security in which the Funds invest may become less liquid or even illiquid. Reduced liquidity will have an adverse impact on the Funds' ability to sell such securities when necessary to meet the Funds' liquidity needs or in response to a specific economic event. Market quotations for such securities may be volatile.

*Managed Portfolio Risk.* The Adviser's investment strategies or choice of specific securities may be unsuccessful and may cause a Fund to incur losses.

## DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

The Trust's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of each Fund's portfolio securities are described in the Funds' SAI.

## MANAGEMENT

The Adviser, subject to the authority of the Board of Trustees, furnishes continuing investment supervision to the Funds and is responsible for the management of each Fund's portfolio.

The Adviser is an independent investment management firm with a "quality/value" investment philosophy. The Adviser was formed in 2007 and has provided investment advisory services (including through its predecessor firms) since 2004.

The Adviser's principal address is 91 West Long Lake Road, Bloomfield Hills, Michigan 48304.

Pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement (the "Advisory Agreement") with the Adviser, each Fund pays the Adviser an annual management fee for each Fund based on the Fund's average daily net assets. The following table reflects each Fund's contractual investment advisory fee rate (expressed as an annual rate), as well as the effective investment advisory fee rate paid by the Fund to the Adviser (net of fee waivers) for each Fund that had completed a full fiscal year of operations as of the date of this Prospectus.

<b>Fund</b>	<b>Contractual Advisory Fee (%) (annual rate)</b>	<b>Effective Investment Advisory Fee Rate (%) (for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016)</b>
Clarkston Partners Fund	0.80%	0.64%
Clarkston Fund	0.50%	N/A
Clarkston Select Fund	0.50%	N/A
Clarkston Founders Fund	0.75%	N/A

The management fee is paid on a monthly basis. The initial term of the Advisory Agreement is two years. The Board may extend the Advisory Agreement for additional one-year terms. The Board and shareholders of the Funds may terminate the Advisory Agreement upon thirty (30) days' notice. The Adviser may terminate the Advisory Agreement upon sixty (60) days' notice. A discussion regarding the basis for the Board's approval of the Clarkston Partner's Fund and Clarkston Fund's Advisory Agreements is provided in the Fund's annual report to shareholders for the period ended September

30, 2016. A discussion regarding the basis for the Board's approval of the Clarkston Select Fund and the Clarkston Founders Fund's Advisory Agreement will be provided in the Funds' semi-annual report to shareholders for the period ended March 31, 2017.

The Adviser has contractually agreed to limit the amount of each Fund's Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses, exclusive of shareholder service fees, brokerage expenses, interest expenses, acquired fund fees and expenses, taxes and extraordinary expenses, to an annual rate, as set out below, of such Fund's average daily net assets.

Fund	Contractual Fee Waiver
Clarkston Partners Fund	0.85%
Clarkston Fund	0.55%
Clarkston Select Fund	0.55%
Clarkston Founders Fund	0.80%

This agreement is in effect through January 31, 2018. The Adviser may not terminate this agreement without the approval by the Funds' Board of Trustees. The Adviser will be permitted to recover, on a class-by-class basis, expenses it has borne through the agreement described above to the extent that a Fund's expenses in later periods fall below the annual rate set forth above. The Funds will not be obligated to pay any such deferred fees and expenses more than three years after the end of the fiscal year in which the fees and expense were deferred.

## THE PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The portfolio managers are primarily responsible for the day-to-day investment and reinvestment of the Funds' assets. The portfolio managers listed below have served as each Fund's portfolio managers since each Fund's inception.

Information about the portfolio managers, including information about the portfolio managers' business experience, appears below. More information about the portfolio managers' compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio managers, and the portfolio managers' ownership of securities in the Funds is included in the SAI.

PORTFOLIO MANAGER	PAST 5 YEARS' BUSINESS EXPERIENCE
Jeffrey A. Hakala, Chief Investment Officer	Jeffery Hakala is Co-Founder and Chief Investment Officer of the Adviser. He has co-managed the firm's investment disciplines since the firm's inception in 2007. Mr. Hakala has a Bachelor of Arts, Business Administration from Michigan State University and a Master of Business Administration from Michigan State University.
Gerald W. Hakala, Director of Research	Gerald Hakala is a Co-Founder and Director of Research of the Adviser. He has co-managed the firm's investment disciplines since the firm's inception in 2007. Mr. Hakala has a Bachelor of Business Administration from the University of Michigan and a Master of Business Administration from Michigan State University.

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## ADMINISTRATOR, DISTRIBUTOR AND TRANSFER AGENT OF THE FUND

ALPS Fund Services, Inc. (the “Administrator” or the “Transfer Agent”) serves as the Funds’ administrator, fund accountant and transfer agent. ALPS Distributors, Inc. (“ADI” or the “Distributor”) serves as the Funds’ distributor.

## BUYING AND REDEEMING SHARES

The Clarkston Fund, Clarkston Select Fund and Clarkston Founders Fund currently offer Institutional Class shares. The Clarkston Partners Fund currently offers Founders Class and Institutional Class shares. Each share class of the Clarkston Partners Fund represents an investment in the same portfolio of securities, but each share class has its own expense structure, allowing you to choose the class that best meets your situation. When you purchase shares of the Clarkston Partners Fund, you must choose a share class.

Factors you should consider in choosing a class of shares include:

- how long you expect to own the shares;
- how much you intend to invest; and
- total expenses associated with owning shares of each class.

No sales charges will be applied to your share purchases.

Founders Class shares are offered on a limited basis and are available only to clients of institutions with managed account programs that have been approved by the Adviser, subject to an aggregate minimum of \$100 million.

Institutional Class shares are typically offered only through certain types of financial intermediaries and to certain institutional investors. Institutional Class shares are also offered directly, via the Funds’ transfer agent or through financial intermediaries. Such financial intermediaries may seek payment from a Fund or its service providers for the provision of distribution, administrative and/or shareholder retention services. Institutional investors may include, but are not limited to, corporations, retirement plans, public plans and foundations/endowments.

Not all financial intermediaries offer all classes of shares. Each investor’s financial considerations are different. You should speak with your financial advisor to help you decide which share class is best for you. If your financial intermediary offers more than one class of shares, you should carefully consider which class of shares to purchase. Certain classes have higher expenses than other classes, which may lower the return on your investment.

### **Distribution and Services (12b-1) Plan**

The Funds have not adopted 12b-1 plans.

## **Shareholder Services Plan for Institutional Class Shares**

Each Fund has adopted a non-Rule 12b-1 shareholder services plan (a “Services Plan”) for Institutional Class shares which authorize each Fund to compensate select financial intermediaries and Fund affiliates an aggregate fee in an amount not to annually exceed 0.15% of the average daily net asset value of the Institutional Class shares of each Fund attributable to, or held in the name of, the financial intermediary for its clients as compensation for maintaining customer accounts that hold Fund shares. The Service Plan fee is compensation for providing, some or all of the following services: (i) establishing and maintaining Fund shareholder accounts, (ii) aggregating, processing and transmitting Fund shareholder orders and instructions regarding accounts, (iii) processing dividend and other distribution payments from each Fund on behalf of shareholders, (iv) preparing reports or forms on behalf of shareholders, (v) forwarding communications from each Fund to shareholders, and (vi) providing such other similar services as applicable statutes, rules or regulations permit. None of the aforementioned services includes distribution related services or activities. Any amount of the Services Plan fees not paid during the Funds’ fiscal year for such services shall be reimbursed to the applicable Fund.

## **Payments to Financial Intermediaries and Other Arrangements**

The Adviser and/or its affiliates may enter into arrangements to make payments for additional activities to select financial intermediaries intended to result in the sale of Fund shares and/or other shareholder servicing activities out of the Adviser’s own resources (which may include profits from providing advisory services to each Fund). These payments are often referred to as “revenue sharing payments” and the revenue sharing payment amount generally vary by financial intermediary. The aggregate amount of the revenue sharing payments are determined by the Adviser and may be substantial. Revenue sharing payments create no additional cost to each Fund or its applicable shareholders.

Revenue sharing payments may create an incentive for a financial intermediary or its employees or associated persons to recommend or sell shares of a Fund to you, rather than shares of another mutual fund. Please contact your financial intermediary’s investment professional for details about revenue sharing payments it may be receiving.

## **Networking, Sub-Accounting and Administrative Fees**

Select financial intermediaries may enter into arrangements with each Fund, or its designees, to perform certain networking, recordkeeping, sub-accounting and/or administrative services for shareholders of each Fund. These activities are routinely processed through the National Securities Clearing Corporation’s Fund/SERV and Trust Networking systems or similar systems. In consideration for providing these services in an automated environment, such financial intermediaries may receive compensation from each Fund. Any such compensation by each Fund to these select financial intermediaries for the aforementioned services are in addition to any 12b-1 related services provided to applicable Fund shareholders.

## **Investment Minimums**

The Clarkston Partners Fund offers investors two classes of shares: the Founders Class and the Institutional Class. Founders class shares are offered on a limited basis and are available only to clients of institutions with managed account programs that have been approved by the Adviser,

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subject to an aggregate minimum of \$100 million. The Institutional Class shares are subject to a \$25,000 minimum with no minimum subsequent investment. The Clarkston Fund, the Clarkston Select Fund and the Clarkston Founders Fund offer investors Institutional Class shares subject to a \$10,000 minimum investment with no minimum subsequent investment. Investors generally may meet the minimum investment amount by aggregating multiple accounts within the Funds if desired and if allowed by the relevant intermediary. Each Fund reserves the right to change the amount of these minimums from time to time or to waive them in whole or in part if, in the Adviser's or the Fund's opinion, the investor has adequate intent and availability of assets to reach a future level of investment in the Fund that is equal to or greater than the minimum. Investors may establish an Automatic Investment Plan (AIP) account or a Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) account; there are no subsequent investment minimums for investments in AIP or SWP accounts.

### **Exceptions to Investment Minimums**

The following investors will not be subject to the Funds' investment minimums with respect to Institutional Class shares:

- Financial advisors and consultants whose clients aggregate over the investment minimums;
- Institutions that have a strategic investment advisory relationship with the Adviser;
- Employees of the Adviser and their immediate family members; and
- The Adviser's investment advisory clients.

The Adviser reserves the right to make additional exceptions or otherwise modify these exceptions at any time and to reject any investment for any reason.

### **Buying Shares**

In order to buy, exchange or redeem shares at that day's net asset value, you must place your order with a Fund or its agent before the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") closes (normally, 4:00 p.m. Eastern time). If the NYSE closes early, you must place your order prior to the actual closing time. Orders received by financial intermediaries prior to the close of trading on the NYSE will be confirmed at the offering price computed as of the close of trading on the NYSE. It is the responsibility of the financial intermediary to ensure that all orders are transmitted in a timely manner to the Funds. Otherwise, you will receive the next business day's net asset value.

Investors may purchase, exchange or redeem Institutional Class shares of the Funds directly or through retirement plans, broker-dealers, bank trust departments, financial advisors or other financial intermediaries. Shares made available through full service broker-dealers may be available through wrap accounts under which such broker-dealers impose additional fees for services connected to the wrap account. Contact your financial intermediary or refer to your plan documents for instructions on how to purchase or redeem shares.

Investors may be charged a fee if they effect transactions through a broker or agent. The Funds have authorized one or more brokers to receive on its behalf purchase and redemption orders. Such brokers are authorized to designate other intermediaries to receive purchase and redemption orders on the Funds' behalf. The Funds will be deemed to have received a purchase or redemption

order when an authorized broker or, if applicable, a broker's authorized designee, receives the order. Customer orders will be priced at the Funds' net asset value next computed after they are received by an authorized broker or the broker's authorized designee.

There is an annual pass through IRA and Coverdell Education Savings Account maintenance fee of \$10.00 that is charged by the IRA custodian on a per-account basis.

With certain limited exceptions, the Funds are available only to U.S. citizens or residents.

The Funds will generally accept purchases only in U.S. dollars drawn from U.S. financial institutions. Cashier's checks, third party checks, money orders, credit card convenience checks, cash or equivalents or payments in foreign currencies are not acceptable forms of payment. You may also contact the Funds to request a purchase of Fund shares using securities you own. The Funds reserve the right to refuse or accept such requests in whole or in part.

### **Redeeming Shares**

Redemptions, like purchases, may generally be effected only through retirement plans, broker-dealers, financial intermediaries and directly through the Funds. Please contact the Fund, your financial intermediary or refer to the appropriate plan documents for details. Your financial intermediary may charge a processing or service fee in connection with the redemption of shares.

### **Redemption Payments**

In all cases, your redemption price is the net asset value per share next determined after your request is received in good order. "Good order" means that your redemption request includes: (i) the Fund name and account number; (ii) the amount of the transaction in dollars or shares; (iii) signatures of you and any other person listed on the account, exactly as the shares are registered; (iv) any certificates you are holding for the account; and (v) any supporting legal documentation that may be required.

Redemption proceeds normally will be sent within seven days. However, if you recently purchased your shares by check, your redemption proceeds will not be sent to you until your original check clears, which may take up to 10 days. Your redemption proceeds can be sent by check to your address of record or by wire transfer to a bank account designated on your application. Your bank may charge you a fee for wire transfers. Any request that your redemption proceeds be sent to a destination other than your bank account or address of record must be in writing and must include a Medallion signature guarantee. Please call 1-844-680-6562 for information on obtaining a Medallion signature guarantee.

The Funds are not responsible for losses or fees resulting from posting delays or non-receipt of redemption payments when shareholder payment instructions are followed.

### **Redemptions In-Kind**

Each Fund reserves the right to make a payment in securities rather than cash. If a Fund deems it advisable for the benefit of all shareholders that a redemption payment wholly or partly in-kind would be in the best interests of the Fund's remaining shareholders, the Fund may pay redemption

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proceeds to you in whole or in part with securities held by the Fund. A redemption in-kind could occur under extraordinary circumstances, such as a very large redemption that could affect a Fund's operations (for example, more than 1% of the Fund's net assets). However, a Fund is required to redeem shares solely for cash up to the lesser of \$250,000 or 1% of the net asset value of the Fund during any 90-calendar day period for any one shareholder. Should redemptions by any shareholder exceed such limitation, the Funds will have the option of redeeming the excess in cash or in-kind. Securities used to redeem Fund shares will be valued as described in **"How Fund Shares are Priced"** below. A shareholder may pay brokerage charges on the sale of any securities received as a result of a redemption in-kind. Redemptions in-kind taxed to a redeeming shareholder for federal income tax purposes in the same manner as cash redemptions.

### **Medallion Signature Guarantees**

Each Fund requires a Medallion signature guarantee on any written redemption over \$50,000 (but may require additional documentation or a Medallion signature guarantee on any redemption request to help protect against fraud) or for certain types of transfer requests or account registration changes. A Medallion signature guarantee may be obtained from a domestic bank or trust company, broker, dealer, clearing agency, savings association or other financial institution that is participating in a medallion program recognized by the Securities Transfer Association. The three "recognized" medallion programs are Securities Transfer Agents Medallion Program (STAMP), Stock Exchanges Medallion Program (SEMP) and NYSE, Inc. Medallion Signature Program (NYSE MSP). Please call 1-844-680-6562 for information on obtaining a Medallion signature guarantee.

### **Redemption Fees**

The Funds do not charge redemption fees.

## **SHARE TRANSACTIONS**

### **Share Certificates**

The Funds do not issue share certificates.

### **Frequent Purchases and Sales of Fund Shares**

The Funds do not permit market timing or other abusive trading practices. Each Fund reserves the right, but does not have the obligation, to reject any purchase transaction at any time. In addition, each Fund reserves the right to suspend its offering of shares or to impose restrictions on purchases at any time that are more restrictive than those that are otherwise stated in this Prospectus with respect to disruptive, excessive or short-term trading.

Excessive short-term trading or other abusive trading practices may disrupt portfolio management strategies, increase brokerage and administrative costs and hurt Fund performance. The Board has adopted policies and procedures with respect to frequent purchases and redemptions and to seek to prevent market timing. To minimize harm to the Funds and their shareholders, each Fund reserves the right to reject, in its sole discretion, any purchase order from any investor it believes has a history of abusive trading or whose trading, in its judgment, has been or may be disruptive to the Fund. Such disruption may include trading that may interfere with the efficient management

of the Fund, may materially increase the Fund's transaction costs, administrative costs or taxes, or may otherwise be detrimental to the interests of the Fund and its shareholders. Each Fund may also refuse purchase transactions from Fund intermediaries it believes may be facilitating or have facilitated abusive trading practices. In making this judgment, the Fund may consider trading done in multiple accounts under common ownership or control.

On a periodic basis, each Fund or its agents may review transaction history reports to identify redemptions that are within a specific time period from a previous purchase in the same account(s) in the Fund, or in multiple accounts that are known to be under common control. Redemptions meeting the criteria will be investigated for possible inappropriate trading.

Certain accounts, in particular omnibus accounts, include multiple investors and such accounts typically provide the Funds with a net purchase or redemption request on any given day. In these cases, purchases and redemptions of Fund shares are netted against one another and the identity of individual purchasers and redeemers whose orders are aggregated may not be known by the Fund. Therefore, it becomes more difficult for a Fund to identify market timing or other abusive trading activities in these accounts, and the Fund may be unable to eliminate abusive traders in these accounts from the Fund. Further, identification of abusive traders may also be limited by operational systems and technical limitations. To the extent abusive or disruptive trading is identified, each Fund will encourage omnibus account intermediaries to address such trading activity in a manner consistent with how the Fund would address such activity directly, if it were able to do so.

Due to the complexity and subjectivity involved in identifying market timing and other abusive trading practices, there can be no assurance that the Funds' efforts will identify all market timing or abusive trading activities. Therefore, investors should not assume that the Funds will be able to detect or prevent all practices that may disadvantage the Funds.

### **Verification of Shareholder Transaction Statements**

You must contact the Funds in writing regarding any errors or discrepancies within 60 days after the date of the statement confirming a transaction. A Fund may deny your ability to refute a transaction if it does not hear from you within 60 days after the confirmation statement date.

### **Non-receipt of Purchase Wire/Insufficient Funds Policy**

The Funds reserve the right to cancel a purchase if the check or electronic funds transfer does not clear your bank, or if a wire is not received by settlement date. A Fund may charge a fee for insufficient funds and you may be responsible for any fees imposed by your bank and any losses that the Fund may incur as a result of the canceled purchase.

### **How Fund Shares are Priced**

The Board of Trustees has approved procedures to be used to value the Funds' securities for the purposes of determining the Funds' net asset value. The valuation of the securities of each Fund is determined in good faith by or under the direction of the Board. The Board has delegated certain valuation functions for the Funds to the Administrator.

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Each Fund generally values its securities based on market prices determined at the close of regular trading on the NYSE (normally, 4:00 p.m. Eastern time) on each business day (Monday through Friday). The Funds will not value their securities on any day that the NYSE is closed, including the following observed holidays: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents' Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. Each Fund's currency valuations, if any, are done as of the close of regular trading on the NYSE (normally, 4:00 p.m. Eastern time). For equity securities that are traded on an exchange, the market price is usually the closing sale or official closing price on that exchange. In the case of securities not traded on an exchange, or if such closing prices are not otherwise available, the market price is typically determined by independent third-party pricing vendors approved by the Board using a variety of pricing techniques and methodologies. The market price for debt obligations is generally the price supplied by an independent third-party pricing service approved by the Board, which may use a matrix, formula or other objective method that takes into consideration market indices, yield curves and other specific adjustments. Short-term debt obligations that will mature in 60 days or less are valued at amortized cost, unless it is determined that using this method would not reflect an investment's fair value. If vendors are unable to supply a price, or if the price supplied is deemed to be unreliable, the market price may be determined using quotations received from one or more brokers-dealers that make a market in the security.

When such prices or quotations are not available, or when the Adviser believes that they are unreliable, securities may be priced using fair value procedures approved by the Board. The Funds may determine the fair value of investments based on information provided by pricing services and other third-party vendors, which may recommend fair value prices or adjustments with reference to other securities, indices or assets. In considering whether fair value pricing is required and in determining fair values, a Fund may, among other things, consider significant events (which may be considered to include changes in the value of U.S. securities or securities indices) that occur after the close of the relevant market and before the Fund values its securities.

Valuing securities at fair value involves greater reliance on judgment than valuation of securities based on readily available market quotations. A fund that uses fair value to price securities may value those securities higher or lower than another fund using market quotations or its own fair value methodologies to price the same securities. There can be no assurance that a Fund could obtain the fair value assigned to a security if it were to sell the security at approximately the time at which the Fund determines its net asset value.

### **Customer Identification Program**

To help the government fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering activities, federal law requires each Fund or its agents to obtain certain personal information from you (or persons acting on your behalf) in order to verify your (or such person's) identity when you open an account, including name, address, date of birth and other information (which may include certain documents) that will allow the Transfer Agent to verify your identity. If this information is not provided, the Transfer Agent may not be able to open your account. If the Transfer Agent is unable to verify your identity (or that of another person authorized to act on your behalf) shortly after your account is opened, or believes it has identified potential criminal activity, the Funds, the Distributor

and the Transfer Agent each reserve the right to reject further purchase orders from you or to take such other action as they deem reasonable or required by law, including closing your account and redeeming your shares at their net asset value at the time of redemption.

### DIVIDENDS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

**Income Dividends.** Income dividends are derived from net investment income (i.e., interest and other income, less any related expenses) each Fund earns from its portfolio securities and other investments. The Clarkston Fund, Clarkston Partners Fund and Clarkston Founders Fund each intend to distribute any net income to shareholders annually. The Clarkston Select Fund intends to distribute any net income to shareholders quarterly.

**Capital Gain Distributions.** Capital gain distributions are derived from gains realized when a Fund sells a portfolio security. Long-term capital gains are derived from gains realized when a Fund sells a portfolio security it has owned for more than one year, and short-term capital gains are derived from gains realized when a portfolio security was owned for one year or less. The Funds intend to distribute amounts derived from capital gains to shareholders annually.

**Reinvested in Shares or Paid in Cash.** Dividends and distributions are reinvested in additional Fund shares unless you instruct the Transfer Agent to have your dividends and/or distributions paid by check and mailed to the address of record or transferred through an Automated Clearing House to the bank of your choice. You can change your choice at any time to be effective as of the next dividend or distribution, except that any change given to the Transfer Agent less than five days before the payment date will not be effective until the next dividend or distribution is made.

### TAXES

**Summary.** The following information is a general summary of U.S. federal income tax consequences of investments in the Funds for U.S. persons only, which include (i) U.S. citizens or residents, (ii) corporations organized in the United States or under the law of the United States or any state, (iii) an estate whose income is subject to U.S. federal income taxation of its source; or (iv) a trust, if a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over its administration and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all of its substantial decisions, or certain electing trusts that were in existence on August 20, 1996, and were treated as domestic trusts on August 19, 1996. Shareholders that are partnerships or nonresident aliens, foreign trusts or estates, or foreign corporations may be subject to different U.S. federal income tax treatment. If an entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes is a beneficial owner of Fund shares, the tax treatment of a partner in the partnership will generally depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. You should rely on your own tax adviser for advice about the particular federal, state and local tax consequences regarding your investment in the Funds.

This discussion is based on the assumption that the Funds will qualify under Subchapter M of the Code as regulated investment companies and will satisfy certain distribution requirements so that they are not subject to U.S. income tax in general. There can be no guarantee that these assumptions will be correct.

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The Funds expect to distribute substantially all of their ordinary income and net capital gain (in excess of any capital loss carryovers) to its shareholders every year. In turn, shareholders will be taxed on distributions they receive, unless the shares are held by certain types of tax-exempt organizations or through tax-advantaged accounts (such as 401(k) plan accounts or individual retirement accounts), in which event amounts withdrawn from those accounts may be subject to federal income tax rates that apply to ordinary income, and may be subject to penalties on amounts withdrawn prematurely.

A shareholder subject to U.S. federal income tax will be subject to tax on Fund income dividends and capital gain distributions whether they are paid in cash or reinvested in additional Fund shares.

### **Income Dividends and Capital Gains**

Distributions properly reported as net capital gain of a Fund will be taxable to Fund shareholders as long-term capital gain, regardless of how long shares of the Fund are held.

Other than distributions of net long-term capital gain, Fund distributions will generally be taxable as ordinary income or, if properly designated by a Fund, as “qualified dividend income” taxable to individual shareholders at the same maximum tax rate applicable to net long-term capital gains, provided that the individual receiving the dividend satisfies certain holding period requirements for his or her Fund shares. The amount of distributions from a Fund that will be eligible for the “qualified dividend income” lower maximum rate, however, cannot exceed the amount of dividends received by a Fund that are qualifying dividends (i.e., dividends from U.S. corporations or certain qualifying foreign corporations). Thus, to the extent that dividends from a Fund are attributable to other sources, such as taxable interest, fees from securities lending transactions, certain distributions from real estate investment trusts, Code section 988 transactions or are short-term capital gains, such dividends will not be eligible for the lower rate. However, if at least 95% of the Fund’s “gross income” is from qualifying dividends, then 100% of its distributions will be eligible for the lower rate. For these purposes, a Fund’s gross income does not include gain from the disposition of stock or securities except to the extent that the net short-term capital gain from such dispositions exceeds the net long-term capital loss from such dispositions. Fund distributions are taxable regardless of whether they are paid in cash or reinvested in additional shares.

Shareholders of a Fund will recognize taxable gain or loss on a sale, exchange or redemption of shares of the applicable Fund, including an exchange of shares for shares of another Fund, based on the difference between the shareholder’s adjusted tax basis in the shares disposed of and the amount received for them. Generally, this gain or loss will be long-term if the shareholder’s holding period for the shares disposed of exceeds 12 months, except that any loss realized on shares held for six months or less will be treated as a long-term capital loss to the extent of any capital gain dividends that were received on the shares. Any loss realized on a disposition of shares of a Fund may be disallowed under “wash sale” rules to the extent that the shares disposed of are replaced with other substantially identical shares of the same Fund within a period of 61 days beginning 30 days before the shares are disposed of, such as pursuant to a dividend reinvestment in shares of a Fund. If disallowed, the loss will be reflected in an adjustment to the basis of the shares acquired.

Fund distributions of earnings and gains are taxable to a shareholder even if they are paid from income or gains earned by a Fund prior to the shareholder's investment and thus were included in the price paid for the shares. Thus, a shareholder who purchases shares on or just before the record date of a Fund distribution will pay full price for the shares and may receive a portion of his or her investment back as a taxable distribution. While in effect a return of capital to the shareholder, the distribution is still taxable even though the shareholder did not participate in these gains. An investor can avoid this by investing soon after a Fund has made a distribution.

Any distributions on, sales, exchanges or redemptions of, shares held in an IRA (or other tax-qualified plan) are generally not currently taxable.

Fund dividends paid to corporate shareholders that are attributable to qualifying dividends received from U.S. domestic corporations may be eligible for the corporate dividends-received deduction, subject to certain holding period requirements and debt financing limitations.

The Funds (or their administrative agent) must report to the IRS and furnish to Fund shareholders the cost basis information for Fund shares purchased on or after January 1, 2012, and sold on or after such date. In addition to the requirement to report the gross proceeds from the sale of Fund shares, the Funds will also be required to report the cost basis information for such shares and indicate whether such shares had a short-term or long-term holding period. These requirements do not apply to investments through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement plan. If a shareholder does not make an election among the available IRS-accepted cost basis methods, the Fund will use a default cost basis method for the shareholder. The cost basis method elected or applied may not be changed after the settlement date of a sale of Fund shares. Fund shareholders should consult with their tax advisers concerning the most desirable IRS-accepted cost basis method for their tax situation and to obtain more information about how cost basis reporting applies to them.

A Medicare surtax of 3.8% will be imposed on certain net investment income (including ordinary dividends and capital gain distributions received from the Funds and net gains from redemptions or other taxable dispositions of Fund shares) of U.S. individuals, estates and trusts to the extent that such person's "modified adjusted gross income" (in the case of an individual) or "adjusted gross income" (in the case of an estate or trust) exceeds a threshold amount. Any liability for this additional tax will be reported on, and paid with, the shareholder's federal income tax return.

A shareholder of a Fund may be subject to backup withholding on any distributions of income, capital gains, or proceeds from the sale or exchange of Fund shares if the shareholder (i) has provided either an incorrect tax identification number or no such number, (ii) is subject by the IRS to backup withholding for failure to properly report payments of interest or dividends, (iii) has failed to certify that the shareholder is not subject to backup withholding, or (iv) has not certified that the shareholder is a U.S. person. The backup withholding rate is currently 28%.

The Funds may be subject to foreign taxes or foreign tax withholding on dividends, interest and certain capital gains earned from their foreign security investments. A shareholder may be ineligible for any offsetting tax credit or tax deduction under U.S. tax laws for the shareholder's portion of a Fund's foreign tax obligations. See the statement of additional information for further information.

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**Annual Notifications.** Each year, the Funds will notify shareholders of the tax status of dividends and distributions.

**State and Local Income Taxes.** Shareholders may also be subject to state and local income taxes on distributions and redemptions. Shareholders should consult their tax advisers regarding the tax status of distributions in their state and locality.

For more information, see the SAI under **“TAXES.”**

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial highlights tables are intended to help you understand the financial performance of the Funds for each fiscal period shown. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the table represent the rate that an investor would have earned on an investment in the Funds (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). This information has been audited by KPMG LLP, whose report, along with the Funds’ financial statements, is included in the Funds’ annual report, which is available upon request and free of charge by calling the Funds at 1-844-680-6562. Because the Clarkston Select Fund and Clarkston Founders Fund were not in operation during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, the Funds do not have any financial highlights or performance history.

**Clarkston Partners Fund – Founders Class**

For a Share Outstanding Throughout the Period Presented

	For the Year Ended September 30, 2016	For the Period Ended September 30, 2015 <sup>(a)</sup>
<b>NET ASSET VALUE, BEGINNING OF PERIOD</b>	\$ 9.70	\$ 10.00
<b>INCOME/(LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS:</b>		
Net investment income <sup>(b)</sup>	0.06	0.00 <sup>(c)</sup>
Net realized and unrealized gain/(loss) on investments	<u>1.37</u>	<u>(0.30)</u>
Total from investment operations	<u>1.43</u>	<u>(0.30)</u>
<b>LESS DISTRIBUTIONS:</b>		
From net investment income	<u>(0.02)</u>	<u>—</u>
Total Distributions	<u>(0.02)</u>	<u>—</u>
<b>NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN NET ASSET VALUE</b>	<u>1.41</u>	<u>(0.30)</u>
<b>NET ASSET VALUE, END OF PERIOD</b>	<u>\$ 11.11</u>	<u>\$ 9.70</u>
<b>TOTAL RETURN<sup>(d)</sup></b>	14.73% <sup>(e)</sup>	(3.00%)
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DATA:</b>		
Net assets, end of period (in 000s)	\$ 308,607	\$ 126,281
<b>RATIOS TO AVERAGE NET ASSETS</b>		
Operating expenses excluding reimbursement/waiver	1.02%	1.81% <sup>(f)</sup>
Operating expenses including reimbursement/waiver	0.85%	0.85% <sup>(f)</sup>
Net investment income including reimbursement/waiver	0.62%	0.05% <sup>(f)</sup>
<b>PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATE<sup>(g)</sup></b>	16%	0%

<sup>(a)</sup> Commenced operations on September 16, 2015.<sup>(b)</sup> Per share amounts are based upon average shares outstanding.<sup>(c)</sup> Less than \$0.005 per share.<sup>(d)</sup> Assumes an initial investment on the business day before the first day of the fiscal period, with all dividends and distributions reinvested in additional shares on the reinvestment date, and redemption at the net asset value calculated on the last business day of the fiscal year. Total returns are for the period indicated and have not been annualized. Total returns would have been lower had certain expenses not been waived during the period. Returns shown do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or the redemption of Fund shares.<sup>(e)</sup> In 2016, the Fund's total return consists of a voluntary/unvoluntary reimbursement by the adviser for a realized investment loss. Excluding these items, total return would not change as the impact is less than 0.05%.<sup>(f)</sup> Annualized.<sup>(g)</sup> Portfolio turnover rate for periods less than one full year have not been annualized.

## Clarkston Partners Fund – Institutional Class

For a Share Outstanding Throughout the Period Presented

	For the Year Ended September 30, 2016	For the Period Ended September 30, 2015 <sup>(a)</sup>
<b>NET ASSET VALUE, BEGINNING OF PERIOD</b>	\$ 9.70	\$ 10.00
<b>INCOME/(LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS:</b>		
Net investment income/(loss) <sup>(b)</sup>	0.05	(0.00) <sup>(c)</sup>
Net realized and unrealized gain/(loss) on investments	<u>1.35</u>	<u>(0.30)</u>
Total from investment operations	<u>1.40</u>	<u>(0.30)</u>
<b>LESS DISTRIBUTIONS:</b>		
From net investment income	<u>(0.01)</u>	<u>—</u>
Total Distributions	<u>(0.01)</u>	<u>—</u>
<b>NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN NET ASSET VALUE</b>	<u>1.39</u>	<u>(0.30)</u>
<b>NET ASSET VALUE, END OF PERIOD</b>	<u>\$ 11.09</u>	<u>\$ 9.70</u>
<b>TOTAL RETURN<sup>(d)</sup></b>	14.47% <sup>(e)</sup>	(3.00%)
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DATA:</b>		
Net assets, end of period (in 000s)	\$ 242,295	\$ 24
<b>RATIOS TO AVERAGE NET ASSETS</b>		
Operating expenses excluding reimbursement/waiver	1.16%	1.96% <sup>(f)</sup>
Operating expenses including reimbursement/waiver	1.00%	1.00% <sup>(f)</sup>
Net investment income/(loss) including reimbursement/waiver	0.46%	(0.10%) <sup>(f)</sup>
<b>PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATE<sup>(g)</sup></b>	16%	0%

<sup>(a)</sup> Commenced operations on September 16, 2015.

<sup>(b)</sup> Per share amounts are based upon average shares outstanding.

<sup>(c)</sup> Less than (\$0.005) per share.

<sup>(d)</sup> Assumes an initial investment on the business day before the first day of the fiscal period, with all dividends and distributions reinvested in additional shares on the reinvestment date, and redemption at the net asset value calculated on the last business day of the fiscal year. Total returns are for the period indicated and have not been annualized. Total returns would have been lower had certain expenses not been waived during the period. Returns shown do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or the redemption of Fund shares.

<sup>(e)</sup> In 2016, the Fund's total return consists of a voluntary/unvoluntary reimbursement by the adviser for a realized investment loss. Excluding these items, total return would not change as the impact is less than 0.05%.

<sup>(f)</sup> Annualized.

<sup>(g)</sup> Portfolio turnover rate for periods less than one full year have not been annualized.

**Clarkston Fund – Institutional Class***For a Share Outstanding Throughout the Period Presented*

	<b>For the Period Ended September 30, 2016<sup>(a)</sup></b>
<b>NET ASSET VALUE, BEGINNING OF PERIOD</b>	\$ 10.00
<b>INCOME/(LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS:</b>	
Net investment income <sup>(b)</sup>	0.08
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments	<u>0.44</u>
Total from investment operations	<u>0.52</u>
<b>NET INCREASE IN NET ASSET VALUE</b>	<u>0.52</u>
<b>NET ASSET VALUE, END OF PERIOD</b>	<u>\$ 10.52</u>
<b>TOTAL RETURN<sup>(c)</sup></b>	5.20%
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DATA:</b>	
Net assets, end of period (in 000s)	\$ 20,173
<b>RATIOS TO AVERAGE NET ASSETS</b>	
Operating expenses excluding reimbursement/waiver	1.48% <sup>(d)</sup>
Operating expenses including reimbursement/waiver	0.70% <sup>(d)</sup>
Net investment income/(loss) including reimbursement/waiver	1.36% <sup>(d)</sup>
<b>PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATE<sup>(e)</sup></b>	0%

<sup>(a)</sup> Commenced operations on April 4, 2016.<sup>(b)</sup> Per share amounts are based upon average shares outstanding.<sup>(c)</sup> Assumes an initial investment on the business day before the first day of the fiscal period, with all dividends and distributions reinvested in additional shares on the reinvestment date, and redemption at the net asset value calculated on the last business day of the fiscal year. Total returns are for the period indicated and have not been annualized. Total returns would have been lower had certain expenses not been waived during the period. Returns shown do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or the redemption of Fund shares.<sup>(d)</sup> Annualized.<sup>(e)</sup> Portfolio turnover rate for periods less than one full year have not been annualized.

## PRIVACY POLICY

FACTS	WHAT DO THE FUNDS DO WITH YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION?
<b>Why?</b>	Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share and protect your personal information. Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.
<b>What?</b>	The types of personal information we collect and share depend on the product or service you have with us. This information can include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Social Security number and account transactions</li> <li>• Account balances and transaction history</li> <li>• Wire transfer instructions</li> </ul>
<b>How?</b>	All financial companies need to share customers' personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers' personal information, the reasons a Fund chooses to share, and whether you can limit this sharing.

Reasons we can share your personal information	Do the Funds Share?	Can you limit this sharing?
<b>For our everyday business purposes</b> – such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, or report to credit bureaus	Yes	No
<b>For our marketing purposes</b> – to offer our products and services to you	No	We do not share.
<b>For joint marketing with other financial companies</b>	No	We do not share.
<b>For our affiliates' everyday business purposes</b> – information about your transactions and experiences	Yes	No
<b>For our affiliates' everyday business purposes</b> – information about your creditworthiness	No	We do not share.
<b>For non-affiliates to market to you</b>	No	We do not share.

<b>Questions?</b>	Call 1-844-680-6562 or go to <a href="http://www.clarkstonfunds.com">www.clarkstonfunds.com</a>
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Who we are	
<b>Who is providing this notice?</b>	Clarkston Partners Fund, Clarkston Fund, Clarkston Select Fund and Clarkston Founders Fund (the “Funds”)
What we do	
<b>How do the Funds protect my personal information?</b>	To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings.
<b>How do the Funds collect my personal information?</b>	We collect your personal information, for example, when you <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• open an account</li> <li>• provide account information or give us your contact information</li> <li>• make a wire transfer or deposit money</li> </ul>
<b>Why can't I limit all sharing?</b>	Federal law gives you the right to limit only <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes-information about your creditworthiness</li> <li>• affiliates from using your information to market to you</li> <li>• sharing for non-affiliates to market to you</li> </ul> State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing.
Definitions	
<b>Affiliates</b>	Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.
<b>Non-affiliates</b>	Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>The Funds do not share with non-affiliates so they can market to you.</i></li> </ul>
<b>Joint marketing</b>	A formal agreement between non-affiliated financial companies that together market financial products or services to you. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>The Funds do not jointly market.</i></li> </ul>
Other Important Information	
<b>California Residents</b>	If your account has a California home address, your personal information will not be disclosed to nonaffiliated third parties except as permitted by applicable California law, and we will limit sharing such personal information with our affiliates to comply with California privacy laws that apply to us.
<b>Vermont Residents</b>	The State of Vermont requires financial institutions to obtain your consent prior to sharing personal information that they collect about you with affiliated companies and nonaffiliated third parties other than in certain limited circumstances. Except as permitted by law, we will not share personal information we collect about you with nonaffiliated third parties or other affiliated companies unless you provide us with your written consent to share such information.



## **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE FUND**

### **Shareholder Reports**

Annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders provide additional information about the Funds' investments. These reports, when available, will discuss the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Funds' performance during its last fiscal year.

### **Statement of Additional Information**

The Statement of Additional Information provides more detailed information about the Funds. It is incorporated by reference into (is legally a part of) this Prospectus.

### **Householding Relationships**

The Funds send only one report to a household if more than one account has the same address. Contact the Transfer Agent if you do not want this policy to apply to you.

### **How to Obtain Additional Information**

You can obtain shareholder reports or the statement of additional information (without charge), make inquiries or request other information about the Funds by contacting the Transfer Agent at 1-844-680-6562, by writing the Funds at Clarkston Partners Fund or Clarkston Fund, at 1290 Broadway, Suite 1100, Denver, CO 80203, or by calling your financial consultant. This information is also available free of charge on the Funds' website at [www.clarkstonfunds.com](http://www.clarkstonfunds.com).

You can also review the Funds' shareholder reports, prospectus and statement of additional information at the Securities and Exchange Commission's Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C. You can get copies of these materials after paying a fee by electronic request at the following e-mail address: [publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov), or by writing to the Public Reference Section of the Commission, Washington, D.C. 20549-1520. Information about the public reference room may be obtained by calling 202-551-8090. You can get the same reports and information free from the EDGAR Database on the Commission's Internet web site at <http://www.sec.gov>.

# **CLARKSTON FUNDS**

*If someone makes a statement about the Funds that is not in this Prospectus, you should not rely upon that information. Neither the Funds nor the Distributor is offering to sell shares of the Funds to any person to whom the Funds may not lawfully sell its shares.*

*(Investment Company Act file no. 811-22747)*